

Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
In Computer Science (4CP0/2A)
Paper 2: Application of Computational
Thinking

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Autumn 2020
Publications Code 4CP0_2A_2011_MS
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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark Scheme - Theory

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (a)	A1	C (equals) (1)		(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (b)	B1	Award one mark for any of:	Ignore capitalisation	
		 TRUE and FALSE (1) Yes and No (1) T and F (1) 		
		• 0 and 1 (1)		(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (d)	D1	Award one mark for any of:		
		 (Symbolic name associated with) a value that may be changed (1) A container used to store data (1) A data store whose contents can change whilst a program is executing (1) 		(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (e) (i)	E1	Python 6		
		C# 12		
		Java 8		(1)
1 (e) (ii)	E2	Python 3		
		C# 7		
		Java 3		(1)
1 (e) (iii)	E3	Award one mark for any of:	Accept listNumbers or	
			numArray	
		amount (1)		
		• x(1)		
		• total (1)		
		• count (1)		(1)
1 (e) (iv)	E4	message		(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (a)	A1	Award one mark for any of:	Accept alternative wording	
		 Conversion of plain text into cipher (1) Converting information/data into a code (1) 		
		Converting information/data into an unreadable format (1)		(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (b)	B1	To ensure that the data can only be read by an authorised person / can't be read by an	Accept alternative similar wording. Do not accept hacking.	
		unauthorised person. (1)		(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (c) (i)	C1 C2 C3 C4	Award 4 marks for a correct response: • CAL OTTA MUIN PO • PO MUIN OTTA CAL Award 1 mark each up to a maximum of 3 for:		
		 4 lines of text (1) Zigzag arrangement of letters (1) Letters from each line reproduced / consistent use of the key 4: GSQTYXEXMSREP/ YKILQPWPEKJWH (1) 		(4)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (c) (ii)	C5 C6	Award 2 marks for a linked explanation such as:		
		Limited number of usable keys (1) to allow for sufficient movement of characters / so		(2)
		can easily be decoded by trial		(2)

	and error / easy to use brute	
	force to crack (1)	

Question	mp	ref	Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
5 (a)	A1 A2 A3 A4	2.1.4	Award 1 mark for each a validation test (up to 2) suitable example of errothat matches the test e.	and 1 mark for oneous data		
			First 3 characters are upper case letters	Fff1234560		
			Characters 4 to 9 are non-zero numbers	FFF1011110		
			Consists of only 10 characters	FFF111111ee		
			Final character correct for sum of numbers	FFF112233o		
						(4)

Question	mp	ref	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5 (b) (i)	B1 B2	1.1.9	Award 1 mark each for any of:	Accept disadvantages of a	
			 Simple implementation (1) Can be used for sorted or unsorted lists (1) If the target is at the beginning of the data structure the search will be faster than a binary 	binary compared with a linear search.	
- 4	D2	110	search		(2)
5 (b) (ii)	B3 B4	1.1.9	Award 1 mark each for any of:	Accept advantages of a binary	
			 May need to compare with all items in list before search complete (1) May need longer time for 	compared with a linear search.	
			searching a large list (1)		(2)

Question	mp	ref	Answer	Additional	Mark
				Guidance	
5 (c) (i)	C1 C2	2.6.2	Award 1 mark each up to a maximum of 2 for:		
			 Both can use arguments / parameter passing (1) Both can use local variables (1) Both can be called from anywhere within the program (1) Code can be reused without being rewritten (1) Both can be library files (1) The code can be independently tested for both (1) 		(2)
5 (c) (ii)	C3 C4	2.6.2	Award two marks for a linked explanation such as:		(2)
			 A function must always return a result (1) whereas a procedure does not (1) A function interface must have a data type (1) to signify the type of data that will be returned / a procedure does not need this (1) The result of a function must always be used (either assigned to a variable or as part of a condition) (1) whereas a procedure does not explicitly return a result to be used (1) A function produces information (1) whereas a 		
			procedure performs a task (1)		(2)

Mark Scheme - Python Coding

Question	mp	ref	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (c)	C1	2.1.5	Delete space in variable name (1)		
	C2	2.1.5	Capitalise O in variable name (1)		
	C3	2.1.5	Correction to print statement (1)		(3)
Code exam	ple				
Python					
			1 numOne = 25		
			2 numTwo = 36		
			3 numThree = numOne *	numTwo	
			4 print (numThree)		

Question	mp	ref	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2 (a)	A1	2.3.4	Set variable base to 50 or heightChk to true	Logic of algorithm must be followed as set	
	A2	2.2.2	Create WHILE DO loop	out.	
	A3	2.4.1	Request input of height	Alternatives must address each point.	
	A4	2.2.2	if statement checks if height >= 1 or <= 100	Do not penalise candidates who attempt	
	A5	2.2.2	if statement checks if height is >= 1 and <=100	more than the stated requirements.	
	A6	2.2.2	heightCheck set to false if condition is met	Don't penalise spelling mistakes and	
	A7	2.5.1	Set area using given formula (0.5 x base x height)	alternative wording of the output.	
	A8	2.4.1	Display one of base, height and area with appropriate label		
			or displays two of base, height and area without labels		
	A9	2.4.1	Display all of base, height and area with appropriate labels		
	A10	1.1.6	Executing and producing correct output		(10)

Code example

Python

```
Q02aFINISHED
3
     # Initialise variables
4
   ⊟base = 50
6
7
     # Print prompt and take input from user
8
9
         heightChk = TRUE
         while heightChk:
11
             height = int(input("Enter the height (between 1 and 100): "))
12
             if (height >= 1 and height <= 100):</pre>
13
                heightChk = FALSE
14
15
     # Calculate area and print out values
16
17
         area = 0.5 * base * height
18
         print ("Base length of triangle is : ", base)
19
         print ("Height of triangle is : ", height)
         print ("Area of triangle is : ", area)
```

Question	mp	ref	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2 (b)	B1	2.2.1	Meaningful variable names used (1)	The code example shown is one way of	
	B2	2.4.1	Meaningful prompts for input (1)	responding to the task. Other methods	
	В3	2.4.1	Input of length and width as whole numbers (1)	should be credited accordingly.	
	В4	2.5.1	Perimeter calculated (= 2 x length + 2 x width) (1)		
	B5	2.5.1	Gap deducted from perimeter (1)		
	В6	2.4.1	Meaningful output (1)		
	В7	2.1.1	Code is fit for purpose. Must have mark points 1-6 and be		
			easy to read (1)		(7)

Code example

```
Python
                                Q02bFINISHED
                       3
                               Request input
                       5
                            length = int(input("Enter the length: "))
                            width = int(input("Enter the width: "))
                       6
                       7
                       8
                            # Calculate number of panels needed
                       9
                            panels = 2 * length + 2 * width - 4
                       10
                       11
                       12
                               Print out number of panels needed
                       13
                       14
                            print ("Number of panels needed: " , panels)
```

Question	mp	ref	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark		
4 (a)	A1 2.5.2 english < 40, maths < 50 (1)						
	A2	2.5.3	Use of and operator in IF (1)				
	А3	2.5.2	english < 40, maths < 50 (1)				
	A4	2.5.3	Use of or operator in 'else if 1' (1)				
	A5	2.5.2	english >= 80 AND maths >=85 (1)				
	A6	2.5.3	Correct completion of final else with messageIndex = 3 (1)		(6)		
Code exan	ple	•			•		
Python	Princ(iiio, iase, .)						
, ye	<pre>if (english < 40 and maths < 50):</pre>						
		messageIndex = 0					
	elif (english < 40 or maths < 50):						
	messageIndex = 1						
	elif (english >= 80 and maths >= 85):						
	messageIndex = 2						
	else:						
		messageIndex = 3					
				-1\			

mp	ref	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
B1	2.2.2	Loop checks each pupil for low attendance		
B2	2.1.6	Display of name of low attendances		
В3	2.3.1	Counter for high attenders initialised		
В4	2.2.2	Loop uses correct comparison (>=)		
B5	2.6.2	Number of high attenders displayed correctly		
В6	2.6.3	Subprogram for option 1 called correctly		
В7	2.6.3	Subprogram for option 2 called correctly		(7)
	B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6	B1 2.2.2 B2 2.1.6 B3 2.3.1 B4 2.2.2 B5 2.6.2 B6 2.6.3	B1 2.2.2 Loop checks each pupil for low attendance B2 2.1.6 Display of name of low attendances B3 2.3.1 Counter for high attenders initialised B4 2.2.2 Loop uses correct comparison (>=) B5 2.6.2 Number of high attenders displayed correctly B6 2.6.3 Subprogram for option 1 called correctly	B1 2.2.2 Loop checks each pupil for low attendance B2 2.1.6 Display of name of low attendances B3 2.3.1 Counter for high attenders initialised B4 2.2.2 Loop uses correct comparison (>=) B5 2.6.2 Number of high attenders displayed correctly B6 2.6.3 Subprogram for option 1 called correctly

Code example

Python

```
write subprogram for menu option 1 here
   □def lowAttendance():
         for x in range(len(pupilAttendance)):
             if pupilAttendance [x-1][2] < 75:
                 print (pupilAttendance[x-1][0], pupilAttendance[x-1][1])
 8
         return
   # write subprogram for menu option 2 here
12
   ⊟def highAttendance():
13
         count = 0
14
14 自
         for x in range(len(pupilAttendance)):
             if pupilAttendance[x-1][2] >= 90 :
16
                 count += 1
17
         return count
```

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```
# complete if statement
lowAttendance()

# complete if statement
lowAttendance()

# complete else if statement
highAtt = highAttendance()

print ("There were ", highAtt," high attenders")
```

There were 7 high attenders

For Q6, the first 11 marks are for coding that matches requirements of task. The remaining 9 marks should be allocated on a best fit.

Question	mp	ref	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6	A1	2.2.1	Initialise variable for total sales by member of staff (1)	Sales for each member of staff	
	A2	2.5.1	Add succeeding months' sales to total sales (1)	George Taylor 28466 Fehlix Chayne 35250	
	А3	2.1.6	Display total sales by member of staff (1)	Sumren Bergen 30186	
	A4	2.2.2	Loop repeats for each member of staff (1)	Samira Beckle 37430	
	A5	2.2.1	Running team total sales initialised (1)	Nellie Bogart 20448 Cheryl Grouth 34383	
	A6	2.2.2	Add succeeding individual staff sales to	Danuta Graunt 26421	
			team total (1)	Jaiden Deckle 21507	
	A7	2.1.6	Display final running total (1)	Jimran Caliks 32415	
	A8	2.1.6	Staff member with highest individual sales identified (1)	Deynar Derran 28590	
	A9	2.1.6	Staff member with second highest individual sales identified (1)	Total staff sales: 295096	
	A10	2.1.6	Information about staff with highest sales	Highest sales by: Samira Beckle with 37430	
			displayed (1)	Second highest sales by: Fehlix Chayne with 35250	
	A11	2.1.6	Information about staff with second	>>>	
			highest sales displayed (1)		(11)

Band 1 (1-3 marks)	Band 2 (4-6 marks)	Band 3 (7-9 marks)	Mark
Little attempt to decompose the problem into component parts	Some attempt to decompose the problem into component parts	The problem has been decomposed into component parts	
Some parts of the logic are clear and appropriate to the problem	Most parts of the logic are clear and mostly appropriate to the problem	The logic is clear and appropriate to the problem	
Some appropriate use and manipulation of data types, variables, data structures and program constructs	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is mostly appropriate	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is appropriate	
Parts of the code are clear and readable	Code is mostly clear and readable	Code is clear and readable	
Finished program will not be flexible enough with other data sets or input	Finished program will function with some but not all other data sets or input	Finished program could be used with other data sets or input	
The program meets some of the given requirements	The program meets most of the given requirements	The program fully meets the given requirements	(9)

Code example Python allStaffTotal = 0 33 highestSales = 0 34 secondSales = 0 $35 \quad \text{high} = 0$ second = 0 36 37 38 print ("Sales for each member of staff","\n\n") 39 Figure 19 staffSales: staffTotal = 040 sales = 3 41 42 while (sales < 9):</pre> staffTotal = staffTotal + staff[sales] 43 44 sales = sales + 145 print (staff[1],staff[2],staffTotal) 46 自 if (staffTotal > secondSales): if (staffTotal > highestSales): highestSales = staffTotal 48 high = staff 49 50 白 else: 51 secondSales = staffTotal 52 second = staff allStaffTotal = allStaffTotal + staffTotal 53 54 55

print ("\n\nHighest sales by: ",high[1],high[2], " with ", highestSales)

print ("\n\nSecond highest sales by: ",second[1],second[2], " with ", secondSales)

56

57